

Package ‘scs’

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Version 1.2-3

Title Splitting Conic Solver

Description Solves convex cone programs via operator splitting. Can solve: linear programs (LPs), second-order cone programs (SOCPs), semidefinite programs (SDPs), exponential cone programs (ECPs), and power cone programs (PCPs), or problems with any combination of those cones. SCS uses AMD (a set of routines for permuting sparse matrices prior to factorization) and LDL (a sparse LDL' factorization and solve package) from 'SuiteSparse' (<<http://www.suitesparse.com>>).

Depends R (>= 2.15)

Suggests slam

License GPL-3

NeedsCompilation yes

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

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scs

*SCS - Splitting Conic Solver***Description**

Solves convex cone programs via operator splitting.

Usage

```
scs(A, b, obj, cone, control = scs_control())
```

Arguments

A	a matrix of constraint coefficients. NOTE: The rows of matrix A have to be ordered according to the order given in subsection “Allowed cone parameters”.
b	a numeric vector giving the primal constraints
obj	a numeric vector giving the primal objective
cone	a list giving the cone sizes
control	a list giving the control parameters.

Details**Important Note:**

The order of the rows in matrix *A* has to correspond to the order given in the table “Cone Arguments”, which means means rows corresponding to *primal zero cones* should be first, rows corresponding to *non-negative cones* second, rows corresponding to *second-order cone* third, rows corresponding to *positive semidefinite cones* fourth, rows corresponding to *exponential cones* fifth and rows corresponding to *power cones* at last.

SCS can solve:

1. linear programs (LPs)
2. second-order cone programs (SOCPs)
3. semidefinite programs (SDPs)
4. exponential cone programs (ECPs)
5. power cone programs (PCPs)
6. problems with any combination of cones, which can be defined by the parameters listed in the subsection “Allowed cone parameters”

Allowed cone parameters are:

Parameter	Type	Length	Description
f	integer	1	number of primal zero cones (dual free cones), which corresponds to the primal equality constraints
l	integer	1	number of linear cones (non-negative cones)
q	integer	≥ 1	vector of second-order cone sizes

s	integer	≥ 1	vector of positive semidefinite cone sizes
ep	integer	1	number of primal exponential cones
ed	integer	1	number of dual exponential cones
p	numeric	≥ 1	vector of primal/dual power cone parameters

Value

list of solution vectors x, y, s and information about run

Examples

```
A <- matrix(c(1, 1), ncol=1)
b <- c(1, 1)
obj <- 1
cone <- list(f = 2)
control <- list(eps = 1e-3, max_iters = 50)
sol <- scs(A, b, obj, cone, control)
sol
```

scs_control

SCS Control Arguments

Description

Details to the *control* parameters.

Usage

```
scs_control(max_iters = 5000L, normalize = TRUE, verbose = FALSE,
  cg_rate = 2, scale = 1, rho_x = 0.001, alpha = 1.5,
  eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

max_iters	an integer giving the maximum number of iterations (default is 5000L).
normalize	a logical giving if heuristic data rescaling should be used (default is TRUE).
verbose	a logical giving if the progress should be printed (default is FALSE).
cg_rate	a double giving the rate at which the CG tolerance for the indirect method is tightened (higher is tighter, default is 2.0).
scale	a double giving the factor (default is 1.0) by which the data is rescaled (only used if normalize is TRUE).
rho_x	a double giving the momentum of x term (default is 1e-3).
alpha	a double giving the over-relaxation parameter, allowed values are in (0, 2) (default is 1.5).
eps	a double giving the convergence tolerance (default is 1e-5).

Value

a list containing the control parameters.

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